Part I - Agency Profile

Agency Overview

Agency Mission: The Idaho Department of Labor connects job seekers with employment opportunities, supports workers through career and life transitions, and administers state labor laws.

Agency staff are committed to ensuring Idaho's job seekers and employers have access to a wide array of quality employment-related services and economic information. The department's funding primarily comes from employer unemployment insurance taxes and federal grants. Idaho's Wage and Hour Bureau is in part, supported by state general fund revenues. The Idaho Commission on Human Rights receives financial support through Idaho Department of Labor dedicated funds and federal contract monies from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

Idaho Gov. Brad Little appointed Jani Revier to serve as the director for the Idaho Department of Labor in December 2018. Today she leads a team of more than 511 employees who work to make a positive difference in the lives of job seekers, employers, government officials and Idaho citizens.

Two advisory boards - the Idaho Commission on Human Rights and the Governor's Commission on Service and Volunteerism - provide program guidance and oversight to the department.

The Idaho Commission on Human Rights administers discrimination complaints. Commission members are appointed by the governor - and confirmed by the state senate - for three-year terms. The Governor's Commission on Service and Volunteerism oversees the operations of Serve Idaho. Commission members are appointed by the governor for three-year terms.

Core Functions / Idaho Code

Idaho Code Title 72, Chapter 13 defines by statute, the authority and responsibilities of the Idaho Department of Labor.

WORKFORCE SERVICES provides a broad array of automated and personalized labor exchange services to job seekers and businesses. (Title 72, Chapter 13; Federal - 29 U.S.C. Chapter 49.) Some of these services include lifelong learning opportunities for Idaho's new, current and transitional workers as outlined in the following federal Code of Federal Regulations (CFRs).

- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Federal 20 CFR Part 652, 660-671/P.L. 105-220/29 U.S.C. 30
- Trade Adjustment Assistance Federal 20 CFR Part 617/P.L. 107-210/19 U.S.C. 12.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE provides partial replacement of wages to eligible workers who lose their jobs through no fault of their own. (Title 72, Chapter 13; Federal - 26 U.S.C. Chapter 23.)

WAGE AND HOUR defines the state's responsibilities for administering Idaho's wage and hour laws. (Title 72, Chapter 13, Title 44, Chapters 15 & 16, and Title 45, Chapter 6.)

COMMUNICATIONS & RESEARCH provides a broad variety of labor market and economic data at the state, regional and local level on past, current and projected labor market conditions, including information on occupations, wages, job openings and skill levels. Several of the federal statutes listed earlier authorize this function.

IDAHO DISABILITY DETERMINATION SERVICES helps the Social Security Administration process disability claims by determining whether individuals applying for Social Security disability benefits meet the criteria for medical severity and ensuring a fair and timely consideration for those individuals. (Title 72, Chapter 13; Federal – 20 CFR Part 416/ 42 U.S.C. 421.)

SERVE IDAHO and the Governor's Commission on Service and Volunteerism administers Idaho AmeriCorps grants and strives to advance community service programs and activities throughout the state.

IDAHO COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS works to secure freedom for all Idahoans from discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin or disability in connection with employment, public accommodations and real property transactions, discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex or national origin in connection with education, and discrimination because of age in connection with employment. (Title 67, Chapter 59, Idaho Code.)

Revenue and Expenditures

Revenue	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
Unemployment Penalty & Interest	\$0	\$5,400	\$0	\$0
Employment Security Special Administration	\$2,562,400	\$4,645,000	\$4,492,200	\$4,142,100
Workforce Development Training Fund	\$118,300	\$262,400	\$0	\$0
Federal Grants	\$50,356,200	\$51,096,500	\$49,035,000	\$48,360,300
Misc. Revenue	\$3,393,300	\$1,689,100	\$1,475,000	\$1,464,400
General Fund	\$389,600	\$341,200	\$342,200	\$553,600
Unemployment Compensation	\$193,184,500	\$177,124,200	\$147,709,400	\$161,004,100
Total	\$250,004,300	\$235,163,800	\$203,053,800	\$215,524,500
Expenditures	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
Personnel Costs	\$39,488,900	\$38,003,100	\$35,368,900	\$36,378,800
Operating Expenditures	\$12,702,000	\$12,472,500	\$11,709,400	\$12,247,700
Capital Outlay	\$743,000	\$732,400	\$257,700	\$313,900
Trustee/Benefit Payments	\$115,782,500	\$93,187,300	\$88,367,100	\$211,417,300
Total	\$168,716,400	\$144,395,300	\$135,703,100	\$260,357,700

Profile of Cases Managed and / or Key Services Provided

All measures from July 1 to June 30

Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
UI – Number of Initial Claims Made	69,946	63,493	62,801	208,693
2. UI – Number of Weeks Compensated	351,249	301,347	265,941	754,372
UI – Number of Employers Covered by Unemployment Insurance Laws	52,033	55,214	58,106	66,423
ES - Individuals Registered for Employment Services	84,933*	75,310*	61,431*	66,827
5. ES - Job Openings Listed (Full-time permanent)	165,004	178,129	197,022	150,881
6. WIOA - Adult Customers Served	668	629	595	932
7. WIOA - Dislocated Worker Customers Served	466	474	464	457
8. WIOA - Youth Customers Served	552	476	623	618
9. Wage & Hour – Employer / Employee Contacts	46,109	41,321	42,306	40,000
Human Rights Commission – Administrative Cases Filed	485	501	391	309
11. Human Rights Commission – Public Presentations	42	61	36	28

Licensing Freedom Act

Agencies that participate in licensure must report on the number of applicants denied licensure or license renewal and the number of disciplinary actions taken against license holders.

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020			
FARM LABOR CONTRACTOR ¹							
Number of Licenses ¹	70	78	60	59			
New Applicants Denied Licensure ²	N/A	N/A	33	1			
Applicants Refused Renewal of a License ³	N/A	N/A	33	1			
Complaints Against Licensees ⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A	1			
Final Disciplinary Actions Against Licensees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

¹The Idaho Department of Labor is developing the system necessary to capture these data points. Categories listed on the Licensing Freedom Act are new and not included in the federal guidelines of items USDOL expects the agency to capture.

²Farm labor contractors are required to register every year. If a farm labor contractor does not submit a complete application, including providing proof of insurance and a bonding deposit, the department deems the application incomplete and never issues a license.

Red Tape Reduction Act

Each agency shall incorporate into its strategic plan a summary of how it will implement the Red Tape Reduction Act, including any associated goals, objectives, tasks or performance targets. This information may be included as an addendum.

	As of July 1, 2019	As of July 1, 2020
Number of Chapters	11	7
Number of Words	43,244	30,496
Number of Restrictions	585	164

Part II - Performance Measures

	Performance Measur	е	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
1.	Employment Services – Entered Employment Rate – Page 5, Goal I, Objective B, Strategy #1	actual	73.7%	73.8%	72.9%	69.6%	
Р		target	58.1%	60.1%	66%	66.6%	70.1%
2.	Employment Services –	actual	73.9%	73.3%	72.9%	70.2%	
	Employee Retention Rate - Page 5, Goal I, Objective B, Strategy #1	target	67.6%	69.6%	51.0%	51.0%	70.0%
3.	 WIOA – Percentage of Employed Adults – Page 5, Goal I, Objective B, Strategy #1 	actual	80.8%	80.0%	85.8%	85.3%	
		target	81.5%	83.5%	78.0%	78%	82%
4.	WIOA – Entered Employment Rate for Dislocated Workers – Page 5, Goal I, Objective B, Strategy #1	actual	82.4%	84.0%	83.5%	81.8%	
		target	81.8%	83.8%	87%	86.9%	81%

³ See footnote 2.

⁴ Number of wage claims filed by an employee who performed some type of farm labor work during the past year. Farm labor contractors are notified of any potential wage and hour violations. All unresolved issues are referred to the U.S. Department of Labor for enforcement (Idaho Wage & Hour is a compliance bureau only).

	Performance Measur	е	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
5.	WIOA – Youth Placement Rate in Employment or Education — Page 5, Goal I, Objective B, Strategy #1	actual	78.0%	77.2%	80.3%	80.8%	
		target	75.1%	75.1%	70%	70.5%	78%
6.	UI - First Pay Benefit Timeliness (exceed quarterly	actual	97.1%	96.9%	97.2%	81.8%	
	federal standard of 90%). Page 7, Goal II, Objective A, Strategy #1	target	>=87.0%	>=90.0%	>=87.0%	>=87.0%	>=87.0%
7.	UI-Non-Monetary Determination (quality meets	actual	80.4%	79.7%	78.7%	85.3%	
	or exceeds federal minimum of 80%). Page 7, Goal II, Objective A, Strategy #1	target	>=80.0%	>=80.0%	>=80.0%	>=80.0%	>=80.0%
8.		actual	344.5	347.8	395.5	345.66	
	Goal II, Objective A, Strategy #1	target	353.1	315.4	325.4	325	282.74
9.	IHRC – Total of Administrative Cases Resolved Page 8, Goal II, Objective A, Strategy #1	actual	418	392	489	357	
		target	350	350	350	350	350
10.	IHRC – Average Age of Cases / Investigations (days) Page 8, Goal II, Objective A, Strategy #1	actual	159 days	142 days	163 days	263 days	
		target	=/>150 days	=/>160 days	=/>160 days	=/>160 days	=/>150 days

Performance Measure Explanatory Notes

- 1) **Entered Employment Rate (Employment Services)** Percent of adult participants employed during the second quarter after exiting the program.
- 2) **Employee Retention Rate (Employment Services)** Employment rate, fourth quarter. Percent of participants employed in the fourth quarter after exiting the program.
- 3) Percentage of Employed Adults (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act) Percent of adults employed during the second quarter after exiting Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act training programs.
- 4) Entered Employment Rate for Dislocated Workers (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act) Percent of dislocated worker participants employed in the second quarter after exiting WIOA training program.
- 5) Youth Placement Rate (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act) Percent of youth participants either employed or enrolled in school during the second quarter after exiting the program.
- 6) First Pay Benefit Timeliness (Unemployment Insurance) Percent of all first payments made within 14 days after the week ending date of the first compensable week in the benefit year. Idaho has ranked in the top three nationwide in this category since SFY2015.
- 7) **Nonmonetary Determination (Unemployment Insurance)** Percent of all nonmonetary determinations (separations and non-separations) made within 21 days of the date of detection of any nonmonetary issue that would affect the claimants' right to unemployment compensation. The national average of all states for: SFY2015 (72.6%), SFY2016 (73.0%), SFY2017 (72.4%), SFY2018 (79.7%) and SFY2019 (76.9%).
- 8) **Productivity per Work Year (Disability Determinations Service)** The higher the number in a given year, the greater the productivity per worker in terms of case decisions and processing federal program standard.

- 9) Cases Closed through the Idaho Human Rights Commission's Administrative Process All cases closed from July 1 through June 30 (state fiscal year).
- 10) Average Age of Cases / Investigations (Idaho Human Rights Commission) Case closures from July 1 through June 30 (state fiscal year). Statistics for the average case age are from the date of the administrative filing of a case.

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