Part I - Agency Profile

Agency Overview

The Idaho State Legislature created the Idaho Department of Fish and Game in 1899. In 1938, by voter initiative, the Fish and Game Commission was created to set policy for the Department and administer the state wildlife policy established in Title 36 of *Idaho Code*. Commissioners are appointed by the Governor from the seven administrative regions of the Department and serve staggered, four-year terms. The FY 2023 Commissioners were as follows: Dave Bobbitt (Panhandle), Don Ebert (Clearwater), Tim Murphy (Southwest), Greg Cameron (Magic Valley), Jordan Cheirrett (Southeast), Derick Attebury (Upper Snake), and Ron Davies (Salmon). The Commission holds most of the regulatory authority for hunting, fishing, and trapping.

The Director, Jim Fredericks, is appointed by the Commission and serves as Secretary to the Commission and leader of the Department. The Department's 547 classified employees are divided into seven core functions: Administration, Communications, Enforcement, Engineering, Fisheries, Technical Services, and Wildlife. Each function is divided into operations and program staff. Operations staff, led by Regional Supervisors, implements Department programs in seven regional offices and one sub-regional office. Boise program staff, led by Bureau Chiefs, direct and integrate statewide operations as well as hatchery, research, fish and wildlife health, intergovernmental, and interagency programs. The Department's long-term strategic plan was approved by the Commission in 2015 and serves as the basis for the annual Direction document that is submitted each year as required by *Idaho Code* 67:1903.

The Department's FY 2024 original appropriation of \$149.9 million is funded by license and tag sales, federal and private grants, and contracts. The budget does not include any annual Idaho general tax revenue appropriation. Hunters, anglers, and wildlife viewers in Idaho generate over \$2.1 billion in economic output that provides 25,700 jobs and almost \$155 million in state and local tax revenue to Idaho (in 2011 dollars).

The Department's 2015 internal strategic plan, known as *The Compass*, establishes overarching mission goals and objectives to: sustain public-trust fish and wildlife resources while maintaining state management sovereignty; meet public expectations for hunting, fishing, and trapping opportunities; and engage with the public to promote Idaho's outdoor heritage and economy. In FY 2023, the Department continued to accomplish these objectives by pioneering innovative monitoring and management techniques, engaging public input in the decision-making process, and transparently communicating how agency decisions balance wildlife management with public interests. Under this model, staff was able to maintain mission-critical activities, update the State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP), work on nine species management plans to guide the department's management objectives in the coming years, and update seasons for nine big game species. Ongoing key challenges to the Department's mission include managing Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) and other wildlife diseases, increases in population and outdoor recreation, depredations on agriculture operations, weather and climate, land development on wildlife habitat, and limited staff capacity to meet new challenges.

Core Functions/Idaho Code

The Department's mission and charter are outlined in *Idaho Code*, Section 36-103. Briefly, it states that all wildlife in Idaho is to be preserved, protected, perpetuated and managed for the citizens of the state in a manner that provides continued supplies for hunting, fishing and trapping. In 2012, 70% of voters in Idaho approved a constitutional amendment that ensures the public's right to hunt, fish, and trap and signifies that the preferred method of managing wildlife populations is through regulated hunting, fishing, and trapping. The Department also has the legal responsibility to preserve and protect native plants whenever it appears that they might possibly become extinct (*Idaho Code*, Section 18-3913) and to consult with the Office of Species Conservation on threatened and endangered wildlife and plant issues (*Idaho Code*, Section 67-818[3]a).

To fulfill this mission, the Department has four goals:

- Sustain Idaho's fish and wildlife and the habitats upon which they depend.
- Meet the demand for hunting, fishing, trapping and other wildlife recreation.
- Improve public understanding of and involvement in fish and wildlife management.
- Enhance the capability of the Department to manage fish and wildlife and serve the public.

The Department achieves its goals through its core functions:

- <u>Administration</u> Provide fiscal services, information systems, internal controls, human resources, policy, and direction.
- <u>Communications</u> Inform, educate, and involve people in the management of Idaho's fish and wildlife.
- **Enforcement** Enforce the law and provide public information to achieve compliance with regulations.
- Engineering Construct and maintain facilities in a cost-effective, efficient, and safe manner.
- Fisheries Inventory, monitor, and manage Idaho's fish resources.
- Wildlife Inventory, monitor, and manage Idaho's wildlife and plant resources.
- <u>Technical Services</u> Develop and disseminate credible science-based knowledge to inform decisions for the benefit of fish, wildlife, botanical resources, and associated recreation.

Revenue and Expenditures

Revenue	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
License & Permits	\$55,542,699	\$59,837,210	\$56,320,651	\$62,442,608
Dingell-Johnson	\$6,470,904	\$6,290,761	\$6,943,203	\$7,739,751
Pittman-Robertson	\$17,371,150	\$16,562,871	\$15,407,253	\$16,888,072
Federal	\$28,210,163	\$27,241,037	\$28,288,650	\$31,202,130
State		\$3,395,944	\$4,347,416	\$4,230,101
Private & Local	\$9,920,480	\$6,092,597	\$5,794,888	\$6,150,416
Miscellaneous	<u>\$3,016,983</u>	\$5,006,348	\$2,869,398	<u>\$6,809,577</u>
Current Year Revenue	\$120,532,379	\$124,426,768	\$119,971,459	\$135,462,655
Expenditures	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Personnel	\$53,138,000	\$51,706,200	\$54,826,000	\$60,062,300
Operating	\$49,214,200	\$47,159,300	\$53,796,900	\$54,859,300
Capital Outlay	\$11,111,000	\$12,462,000	\$9,480,600	\$7,614,200
Trustee/Benefit Payments	\$1,542,200	<u>\$1,314,400</u>	<u>\$2,230,900</u>	\$1,966,100
Total	\$115,005,400	\$112,641,900	\$120,334,400	\$124,501,900

^{*} Beginning in FY21, the Department updated its approach to how revenue is reported. The new classification method breaks out "State" revenues into their own category (previously included in "Private & Local") and excludes cash transfers from revenue figures.

Profile of Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided

Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Provide opportunity to harvest game fish and wildlife (# of hunting, fishing, and combination licenses sold)	651,511	653,889	547,861	560,079
Provide harvestable surplus of deer and elk (# of deer and elk harvested) ^a	72,434ª	67,900ª	63,722a	NAª
Scientifically assess the abundance and health of big game populations to inform management decisions (# of hours of deer and elk aerial surveys flown)	695	244	882	819
Provide public access to private lands or through private lands to public lands for hunting, fishing, and trapping (# of acres provided through Access Yes! and large tracts program)	1,251,775	1,240,714	1,229,861	1,227,288
Provide public access to Idaho Endowment Lands for hunting, fishing, trapping and wildlife recreation (# of acres provided through Idaho Endowment Lands Partnership Agreement)	2,347,012	2,347,012	2,347,012	2,347,012
Provide public access to important wildlife areas for hunting, fishing, trapping, and viewing (# of acres managed)	417,158	421,568	421,635	425,753
Provide opportunity to hunt big game (# elk and deer hunter days) ^a	1,621,26ª	1,465,505ª	1,412,504ª	NAª
Alleviate wildlife damage to agriculture (minimum # of depredation complaints responded to)	1,017	1,020	942	1,137
Compensate for wildlife damage to agriculture (# depredation claims paid)	84	86	84	106
Improve opportunity to harvest game fish (# of Department-operated, hatchery-raised resident and anadromous fish stocked in ponds, lakes, and streams)	29,699,863	28,948,207	29,996,944	28,304,113
Provide opportunity to harvest salmon and steelhead without harming threatened populations (angler hours spent fishing for salmon and steelhead) a	745,510ª	830,769ª	939,039ª	NAª
Provide public access to fishing waters (# fishing and boating access sites maintained)	346	355	355	356
Scientifically assess the abundance and health of fish populations to inform management decisions (# surveys conducted on lakes, reservoirs, rivers, and streams)	504	487	568	582
Enforce fish and game laws (# of warnings and citations issued)	3,727	3,110	3,464	4,486
Protect game populations, provide information, ensure human safety (# of licenses checked by officers in the field)	45,369	32,583	46,578	51,271
Provide information, analysis, and recommendations to improve fish and wildlife habitats and reduce impacts from land and water use (minimum # technical comments, reviews, meetings, site visits, and technical data requests filled)	1,958	2,095	2,614	2,932

Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Minimize the impacts of fish and wildlife diseases on fish and wildlife populations, livestock, and humans (# cases, biological samples, and necropsies handled by health labs)	3,156	3,122	4,032	5,348
Provide information about fishing and hunting, fish and wildlife, educational programs, volunteer opportunities, and other general agency information to the public (average # visits per month to agency website)	523,315	643,850	591,807	561,612
Train schoolteachers about how to improve their students' awareness, knowledge, skills, and responsible behavior related to Idaho's fish and wildlife. (# teachers who attended Project Wild workshops) °	141	45	125	NA°
Provide information to license buyers to increase their recreation satisfaction and opportunities (# visitors to Idaho Hunt Planner and Fish Planner web pages)	709,392	745,208	626,162	669,790
Provide for community and public involvement in management and education while reducing costs (# Volunteer Services hours) ^b	25,418 ^b	21,818 ^b	27,230 ^b	34,477 ^b
Educate students about hunting and firearms safety, ethics and responsibilities, wildlife management, and fish and game rules and regulations (# of students Hunter Education certified)	15,355	14,428	11,453	12,952
Educate students about hunting and firearms safety, ethics and responsibilities, wildlife management, and fish and game rules and regulations (# of instructor hours volunteered for hunters, bowhunter, trapper, wolf trapper, hunter/bowhunter combo, and field day classes)	12,494	7,165	7,191	9,570

^a-Measure based on a calendar year.

Licensing Freedom Act

Agencies who participate in licensure must report on the number of applicants denied licensure or license renewal and the number of disciplinary actions taken against license holders.

·	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023				
COMMERICIAL WILDLIFE FARM								
Total Number of Licenses	6	9	8	9				
Number of New Applicants Denied Licensure	0	0	0	0				
Number of Applicants Refused Renewal of a License	0	0	0	0				
Number of Complaints Against Licensees	0	0	2	0				
Number of Final Disciplinary Actions Against Licensees	0	0	0	0				
COMMERCIAL FISHING LICENSES								
Total Number of Licenses	9	5	6	5				
Number of New Applicants Denied Licensure	0	0	0	0				

b-Measure is Volunteer Services hours only and does not include Reservist or Hunter Ed Instructor hours.

c-Measure deleted in FY23.

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
Number of Applicants Refused Renewal of a License	0	0	0	0			
Number of Complaints Against Licensees	0	0	0	0			
Number of Final Disciplinary Actions Against Licensees	0	0	0	0			
TAXIDERMIST / FUR BUYER							
Total Number of Licenses	251	251	254	266			
Number of New Applicants Denied Licensure	0	0	0	0			
Number of Applicants Refused Renewal of a License	0	0	0	0			
Number of Complaints Against Licensees	0	0	0	0			
Number of Final Disciplinary Actions Against Licensees # of citations and warnings issued	3	3	3	3			

Part II - Performance Measures

Performance Measu	ıre	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	
	Goal 1						
Sustain Idaho's fish and wildlife and the habitats upon which they depend.							
Compliance with	actual	3,727/45,369	3,110/32,626	3,464/46,578	4,486/51,271		
regulations (# of		(8.2% / 7.0%)	(9.5%/5.0%)	(7.4%/7.4%)	(8.7%/9.1%)	1 46	
violations/# of licenses checked)		Less than 10% of	Less than 10%	Less than 10% of	Less than 10% of	Less than 10% of	
checked)		licenses checked	of licenses	licenses checked	licenses checked	licenses	
	target	result in violation/check	checked result in violation/check	result in violation/check	result in violation/check 8%	checked result in	
		8% of total	8% of total	8% of total	of total licenses	violation/chec	
		licenses sold	licenses sold	licenses sold	sold	k 8% of total	
Elk and deer	, ,	070/	0.40/	0.40/	NIAh	licenses sold	
populations are meeting	actual	87%	84%	84%	NAb		
objectives (% zones and							
units meeting objectives) ^b	target	90%	90%	90%	NA ^b	NAb	
3. Opportunity to	actual	29,699,863	28,948,207	29,996,944	28,304,113		
harvest game fish (# of Department-operated,							
hatchery-raised resident and anadromous fish	4	00 000 000	22 222 222	20 200 200	20 200 200	20 000 000	
stocked in ponds, lakes,	target	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	
and streams)							
,							
			Goal 2				
				nd other wildlife i		Ι	
4. Landowners allow	actual	89 / 310,803	96 / 341,215	93 / 336,518	100 / 330,725		
access for fish & wildlife recreation (# of properties							
enrolled/# private acres in							
Access Yes! Program)	target	90 / 350,000	90 / 350,000	90 / 350,000	90 / 350,000	90 / 350,000	
	actual	940,971	899,499	893,343	896,563		

Performance Measu	ıre	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	
5. Landowners with 50,0000+ acre parcels allow access for fish & wildlife recreation (# private acres in Large Tract Program)	target	941,000	941,000	941,000	941,000	941,000	
6. Idahoans can	actual	2.35 million	2.35 million	2.35 million	2.35 million		
access endowment lands for fish & wildlife recreation, while maintaining the integrity of IDL's constitutional responsibility (# acres in Idaho Endowment Lands Partnership Program)	target	2.35 million					
7. Idaho citizens hunt, trap, and uphold the	actual	262,985 ^a / 2,102	222,830 ^a / 2,230	255,491ª / 2,191	NAª / 2,261		
North American Model of Wildlife Conservation (# of resident hunting and combination license holders ^a / # resident trapping licenses)	target	245,000 ^a / 2,300	245,000 ^a / 2,300				
8. Idaho citizens fish	actual	202,968a	183,211a	177,029a	NAª		
and uphold the North American Model of Wildlife Conservation (# of resident fishing license holder a)	target	166,000 ^a					
			Goal 3		,		
		rstanding of and					
9. Effectively convey and distribute information about wildlife and wildlife-based recreation (# of unique visitors per year to Fish and Game website)	actual target	3.00 million 2.00 million	3.98 million 2.00 million	3.64 million 2.00 million	3.50 million 2.00 million	2.00 million	
Goal 4 Enhance the capability of Fish and Game to manage fish and wildlife and serve the public.							
Enhance the ca	•				•		
highly qualified personnel (% adequate registers/% retention of hired FTEs after two years of employment)	actual target	86/85 98 / 88	86/85 98 / 88	72/88 98 / 88	96/88	98 / 88	

^a Based on previous calendar year license holders.^b This performance measure was deleted in FY23.

Performance Measure Explanatory Notes

- 1. The benchmark is based on past performance by Department officers.
- 2. The metric is based on cow elk in elk zones; % four-point mule deer bucks in mule deer data analysis unit; % five-point whitetail bucks in whitetail data analysis unit. The benchmark is a target to meet objectives laid out in big game species plans. Objectives in the plans are based on historical biological data as well as the social requests for various hunting experiences. Many external factors, such as wildfire and weather, affect the Department's ability to achieve objectives.
- 3. This measure was added in FY 2014. The benchmark is based on maintaining the FY 2013 level of production.
- 4. The benchmark is based on past success of the Access Yes! program and the cost per acre.
- 5. This measure was added in FY 2020. The benchmark is based on maintaining the FY 2020 level of acreage, past success of the Large Tract program, available budget, and cost per acre.
- 6. This measure was added in FY 2020. The benchmark is based on maintaining the FY 2020 level of acreage, past success of the Endowment Land Agreement, available budget, and cost per acre.
- 7. This measure was added in FY 2020. The benchmark is based on maintaining the calendar year 2019 level of resident hunting & combo license holders and FY 2020 trapping license holder.
- 8. This measure was added in FY 2020. The benchmark is based on maintaining the calendar year 2019 level of resident fishing license holders.
- 9. This performance measure was added in FY 2014. The benchmark is based on expected growth in web traffic.
- 10. An "adequate register" is defined as one with at least five qualified applicants. The percent of adequate registers was determined by the formula **[# adequate registers ÷ total open competitive registers]**. The benchmark is based on the average over the past four fiscal years.

For More Information Contact

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Director Attestation for Performance Report

In accordance with *Idaho Code* 67-1904, I certify the data provided in the Performance Report has been internally assessed for accuracy, and, to the best of my knowledge, is deemed to be accurate.

Department: Idaho Department of Fish and Game

Director's Signature

Date

Please return to:

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