## Part I - Agency Profile

## **Agency Overview**

#### Mission, Vision, Purpose

The Idaho Department of Correction's mission is to "Create a model correctional system that provides equitable access to programming and opportunities that reflect a community experience, foster connection, and restore victims of crime." The Department envisions a safer Idaho with fewer people in its correctional system. We value: 1) integrity in all of our interactions; 2) respect for diversity and humanity in each other and those under our jurisdiction; and 3) positive attitude that recognizes everyone's ability to change. The agency mission and values encourage ethical, safe, and evidence-based practices while providing care and custody for adult felons, presentence investigation reports for the courts, and supervision of probationers and parolees.

#### Governance and Structure

A three-member Governor-appointed board provides oversight to the agency. Dr. David McClusky was appointed in January 2013 and serves as Chairman. Dodds Hayden was appointed in January 2019 and serves as Vice-Chairman. Dr. Karen Neill serves as Secretary and was appointed in June of 2019. The Board is appointed to six-year terms. The Idaho Board of Correction appointed Josh Tewalt as Director in December 2018.

The Idaho Department of Correction employs 2,103.85 full and part time professionals and is organized into three divisions: 1) prisons; 2) probation and parole; and 3) management services.

- The Prisons Division manages residents in nine state correctional institutions, providing institutional safety services and management of special projects. The division is also responsible for resident placement, education, and treatment services. The Probation and Parole Division supervises probationers and parolees living within seven Idaho districts, managing 25 probation and parole offices and Interstate Compact. The division also manages five community reentry centers, community-based substance abuse treatment, and provides pre-sentence investigation reports to the courts.
- The Management Services Division has oversight over capital construction, grant administration, contract services and monitoring, central records, purchasing, and health care services for prison facilities and county jails. In addition, Management Services provides oversight over contracted prison facilities in and out of state.

In addition to the above core divisions, the Director's Office manages the functions of Human Resources, Victims' Services, Communications, Evaluation & Compliance and Strategic Initiatives. The director and deputy directors also provide oversight to Special Investigations, and Idaho Correctional Industries (a self-funded incarcerated resident training program established as a separate agency).

Revenue for the Idaho Department of Correction comes from the general fund, cost of supervision fees, work crew revenue, miscellaneous revenue (Inmate Management Fund), penitentiary (endowment), Millennium and liquor funds, and federal grants.

#### Core Functions/Idaho Code

<u>Incarceration Services:</u> Provide for the care and custody of felony residents committed to the custody of the state Board of Correction. (Title 20, Chapter 1)

<u>Probation and Parole Supervision:</u> Supervise all persons convicted of a felony and placed on probation or released from prison and placed on parole. (Title 20, Chapter 2)

Programs and Education: Provide rehabilitation to reduce risk to re-offend. (Title 20, Chapter 1)

<u>Pre-sentence Reports:</u> Investigate backgrounds and create reports to help the courts with sentencing decisions. (Title 20, Chapter 2)

**Revenue and Expenditures** 

Revenue	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
General Fund	\$239,616,400	\$267,130,600	\$263,106,700	\$281,049,100.00
Work Crews	\$8,378,800	\$8,666,000	\$8,072,800	\$8,404,500.00
Parolee Supervision Fund	\$7,324,200	\$7,083,000	\$6,598,300	\$6,885,400.00
Federal Grant	\$1,072,700	\$2,106,600	\$2,243,200	\$1,506,100.00
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$4,665,700	\$4,285,000	\$4,409,100	\$4,275,100.00
ARRA/CARES			\$10,194,000	
Liquor Fund	\$440,900	\$440,400	\$430,800	\$513,700.00
Hepatitis C				\$2,326,100.00
Millennium Fund	\$2,078,100	\$1,039,000		
Penitentiary	\$2,210,700	<u>\$2,261,600</u>	\$2,066,700	\$2,376,800.00
Total	\$265,787,500	\$293,012,200	\$297,121,600	\$307,336,800
Expenditures	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Personnel Costs	\$131,374,739	\$140,466,864	\$135,173,900	\$137,254,900
Operating Expenditures	\$122,597,994	\$144,908,371	\$154,235,400	\$151,024,600
Capital Outlay	\$4,066,148	\$3,143,056	\$5,070,300	\$16,580,500
Trustee/Benefit Payments	\$8,543,297	<u>\$4,588,282</u>	<u>\$2,642,000</u>	\$2,476,800
Total	\$266,582,178	\$293,106,573	\$297,121,600	\$307,336,800

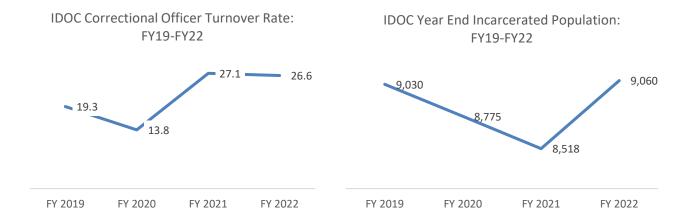
Profile of Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided

Cases Managed and/or Key Services Provided	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Incarcerated Residents (Year-end)	9,030	8,775	8,518	9,060
Community Supervised, In State (Year-end1)	16,820	17,403	16,579	16,066
Interstate Compact Community Supervised	2,295	2,387	2,390	2,629
Pre-sentence Investigation Reports	6,039	4,879	4,310	5,281
Term Prison Admissions	2,731	2,693	2,484	3,231
Retained Jurisdiction Prison Admissions	2,555	2,537	1,929	2,165
Parole Violator Prison Admissions	1,779	1,842	1,663	1,735
Total Prison Admissions	7,065	7,072	6,076	7,131
GED/HSE Completions	331	321	175	163
IDOC Prison Bed Cost Per Day <sup>3</sup>	\$72.97	\$76.32	\$79.80	\$86.28
Supervision Cost Per Day <sup>4</sup>	\$4.57	\$4.97	\$5.26	\$5.28
Correctional Officer (CO) Turnover Rate <sup>6</sup>	19.3%	13.8%	27.1%	26.6%
IDOC Staff Turnover Rate, All Non-CO Staff	10.2%	7.5%	8.0%	11.4%
Supervised Client to Officer Ratio <sup>5</sup>	80 to 1	79 to 1	74 to 1	70 to 1

## Profile of Cases Managed and/or Key Service Provided Explanatory Notes

- 1. The fiscal year end totals include probationers and parolees supervised in Idaho's seven districts, including those managed in the Limited Supervision Unit. It does not include individuals under IDOC's jurisdiction living in other states through Interstate Compact.
- 2. Interstate Compact fiscal year end community supervised are Idaho sentenced probationers and parolees who are currently living in other states.
- 3. Bed costs reflect the average cost of all beds used by the Department, including all prison facility beds, community reentry centers, and contract beds.
- 4. The agency calculates the supervision cost per day based on all supervised individuals in state and those managed on Interstate Compact in other states. Approximately 20% of the budget is funded through cost of supervision fees.
- 5. The supervised client to officer ratio reflects the average caseload size in Idaho. Specialized caseloads such as sex offender and problem-solving court caseloads are much lower than the average, resulting in

- general caseloads with over 100 offenders. The rate is based on the year-end total population compared to number of Probation and Parole Officer PCNs, not including vacancies (16,040/228).
- 6. Some of the previous year totals were changed from previous reports to keep consistent with the definition of voluntary separation.



## Part II - Performance Measures

Performance Measure	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023				
Goal 1. Create safer communities by increasing success for those under IDOC jurisdiction.									
Increase the percentage of probationers, parolees, and	actual	New measure	New measure	64%	64%				
full-term releases from prison who are successful at three years by 2.5% each year.	target			65%	66.6%	68.3%			
2. Increase program offerings to	actual	New	New	New	1,903				
address root causes of	actuai	measure	measure	measure	programs				
incarceration including trauma, disconnection from family and community, and deficits in education and life skills.	target				>1,903	>1,903 classes			
3. Decrease in assaults, use of force incidents, and	actual	New measure	New measure	835	818				
suicides amongst those in custody.	target			Target in development	<835	<835			
G	oal 2: Enh	ance staff fulf	illment and w	ellness					
4. Maintain high staff retention	actual	86.6%	90.0%	84.8%	83.4%				
rate- increase by 2% annually	target	85%	85%	85%	85%	87%			
<ol><li>Increase length of service with IDOC.</li></ol>	actual	New Measure	New Measure	New Measure	5.6 yrs				
	target				>5.6	>5.6			
6.Invest in professional development opportunities	actual	New measure	New measure	New measure	15%				

Performance Measure		FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023				
	for minimum of 15% of staff annually.	target			-	15%	15%			
	Goal 3: Focus spending on areas that maximize success									
7.	7. Increase investment in community corrections where IDOC can maximize crime reduction efforts – an additional 1% of the total IDOC budget to community corrections each year.	actual	New measure	New measure	0.7%	0.7%				
		target			Reallocate 1.5%	Reallocate 1.0%	Reallocate 1.0%			
8.	Reduction in county jail length of stay for state-	actual	New measure	New measure	58 days	34 days				
	sentenced individuals awaiting admission to IDOC facilities by 2% each year.	target			Reduce by 2%	56.8 days	55.7 days			
	Goal 4: Strengthen relationships with key stakeholders.									
9.	Reduce the number of public records requests coming	actual	New measure	New measure	New Measure	1,341				
	to IDOC as a result of information being more readily available to the public by 5% each year.	target	ı		-	Target in development	1,274			

## **Performance Measure Explanatory Notes**

# Measure 1: Percentage of probationers, parolees, and full-term releases from prison who are successful at three years

The goal was set to increase the portion success at three years by 2.5% each year. In FY21 and FY22, IDOC stayed at 64%. This remains below the goal of 66.3% for FY22.

Impact: IDOC continues to monitor the success of everyone on supervision and after release from custody to help establish whether interventions have had the intended effect. Improvements in success rates translate to more people living productively and crime-free in the community and saving taxpayer dollars that would otherwise be spent on incarceration or supervision.

# Measure 2: Increase program offerings to address root causes of incarceration including trauma, disconnection from family and community, and deficits in education and life skills.

*Impact:* During the past fiscal year, IDOC provided 1,903 different programs to incarcerated individuals. The courses spanned a vast array of topics, primarily centered on personal learning, growth and development. The core programming includes cognitive based interventions on substance use, aggression therapy, and sex offending. Other offerings included GED preparation, entrepreneurship, personal finance, parenting, life skills, and pre-release programming. The goal for the coming year will be to increase the types and numbers of programs offered.

## Measure 3: Decrease in assaults, use of force incidents, and suicides among those in custody

During the past fiscal year, there was a combined total of 818 assaults, use of force incidents, and suicides amongst those in custody. This is 2% lower than the number of incidents last year.

*Impact:* Running safe prisons is requisite for any rehabilitative efforts to be effective. IDOC will continue to monitor to determine whether strategies adopted in prisons to improve culture and create more normative environments are translating into fewer incidents of violence and resident suicide.

### Measure 4: Maintain high staff retention rate (changed to increase by 2% per year)

The staff retention rate is based on the number of voluntary staff separations compared to filled positions for each fiscal year. Separations only include those that are voluntary and do not include those for military service, retirement, or lay-offs. The filled position total is calculated by taking the agency population at two snapshots in time at mid and end year and averaging them together. Total separations for the year are then divided by the average full-time filled positions to obtain the rate. For FY22, the rate increased to 83.4%.

*Impact:* Measuring staff retention will help determine whether new programs aimed at supporting the morale of staff, such as increasing the pay for correctional, and probation and parole officers, as well as compensation for overtime, have had an effect. The measure helps establish whether worker morale has increased at central office, at correctional facilities, and in the districts.

### Measure 5: Increase length of service with IDOC

A new goal this year is the overall length of service employees have worked for IDOC. The average amount of time employees had worked for IDOC at the end of FY22 was 5.6 years. The goal will be to increase this for the upcoming year.

*Impact:* If IDOC is able to retain employees, the overall average time employees have worked for the agency will increase. Monitoring the amount of time employees have worked for IDOC helps guide recruitment and retention efforts.

### Measure 6: Invest in professional development opportunities for minimum of 15% of staff annually.

Over the course of the year, IDOC was able to provide leadership training opportunities to 15% of all staff working for the agency within the fiscal year.

*Impact:* Investment in leadership training helps to ensure that leadership are engaged with the vision, mission and goals of the agency and will strive to retain and well manage employees.

# Measure 7: Increase investment in community corrections where IDOC can maximize crime reduction efforts – an additional 1% of the total IDOC budget to community corrections each year.

The FY22 benchmark was to increase, by 1.0% of the total IDOC budget, the investment in Community Corrections each year. This year, IDOC invested an additional 0.67% towards the total budget in Community Corrections, or an additional 2.7 million dollars.

IDOC BASE BUDGET - EXCLUDES ONE-TIME AMOUNTS									
	FY21		FY22			Change			
Activity		Total	% Total		Total	% Total		Total	% Total
Support Services	\$	18,183,900	6.10%	\$	18,748,100	6.19%	\$	564,200	0.09%
Prisons	\$	233,007,200	78.15%	\$	234,322,400	77.39%	\$	1,315,200	-0.76%
Community Corrections	\$	46,960,700	15.75%	\$	49,709,400	16.42%	\$	2,748,700	0.67%
Total	\$	298,151,800	100.00%	\$	302,779,900	100.00%	\$	4,628,100	0.00%

*Impact:* Monitoring the portion of IDOC's budget spent on the community rather than prisons establishes the goal for IDOC that we will strive to provide more resources to those on supervision, where we can have greater impacts on reducing crime. The research is clear that community interventions generate the biggest reductions in recidivism, outweighing even the best prison-based interventions.

## Measure 8: Reduction in county jail length of stay for state-sentenced individuals awaiting admission to IDOC facilities

Housing in county jails adds significantly to the IDOC budget. Worse still, during jail time, incarcerated individuals cannot participate in IDOC programs that help reduce risk. To improve efficiency, it is important to move people into state facilities where the rehabilitation process can begin in earnest. Investments in technology, transportation and movement will decrease county jail length of stay by more swiftly bringing people into state custody and assigning them to facilities that offer the requisite programming for release. In FY22, the average length of stay in county jails prior to incarceration within IDOC decreased to 34 days. At an average cost of \$77.80 per day for county jail beds, this equates to roughly \$1.5 million in savings (average jail population of 800 \* \$77.80\* 24 days).

*Impact:* IDOC monitors how long individuals are housed in county jails, prior to prison admission, as a measure of how effectively we are allocating resources and ensuring that justice-involved individuals have access to rehabilitative programming.

# Measure 9: Reduce the number of public records requests coming to IDOC as a result of information being more readily available to the public

IDOC received 1,341 public records requests in FY22. The coming year the benchmark will be to reduce this number to 1,274.

*Impact:* By monitoring the number of requests received, IDOC is placing emphasis on providing more information in a more readily available fashion, offering transparency and accountability to the general public.

#### **For More Information Contact**

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